Life with Green Technology

Financial Results for FY2017 (June 1, 2016 – May 31, 2017)

July 12, 2017

SankyoTateyama, Inc.

1. Summary of Financial Results for FY2017 (June 1, 2016 - May 31, 2017)

(Unit: billion JPY)

1-1.
FY2017
Consolidated results
(Income
Statement)

| | | | | | | ` | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| | FY2016 Results | FY2017 Plan | FY2017 Results | Year-o | , | Vs. P | lanned |
| | | | | Change | % | Change | % |
| Net sales | 332.1 | 342.0 | 320.8 | -11.3 | -3.4% | -21.1 | -6.2% |
| Gross profit | 70.8 | - | 72.9 | 2.1 | 3.0% | - | - |
| Gross profit margin | 21.3% | _ | 22.7% | - | +1.3p | - | - |
| Operating income | 6.2 | 8.5 | 6.7 | 0.4 | 7.4% | -1.7 | -21.0% |
| Operating income margin | 1.9% | 2.5% | 2.1% | - | +0.2p | - | -0.4p |
| Ordinary income | 5.3 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 1.4 | 26.8% | -0.6 | -8.7% |
| Net income attributable to the parent company | 0 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | _ | -1.8 | -46.9% |

The net income attributable to the parent company for FY2016 was 94 million JPY. *Amounts are rounded down to the nearest 100 million JPY; rates are rounded off.

Results Summary

Year-on-year

Net sales (-11.3 billion JPY)

- Construction materials business: Although we strived to expand and strengthen sales of products
 including core sashes and remodeled front doors, net sales decreased due to factors including slow
 recovery of non-wooden housing starts and continued competitive environment in the detached
 housing market.
- Materials business: Despite capturing steady demand in the transportation field and the general machinery field, net sales decreased due to sales prices linked to the market conditions of aluminum ingots and other factors.
- Commercial facilities business: Net sales increased thanks to efforts including actively promoting
 proposals in response to demand for new retailers, including convenience stores and specialty
 discount stores, and demand for remodeling.
- Global business: Despite efforts to capture synergy cases between Europe, Thailand, China, and Japan, and demand in the transportation field in Europe and Thailand, net sales decreased due to factors including the impact of foreign exchange rates.

Operating income (+0.4 billion JPY)

 Operating income increased thanks to factors including improved earnings in the materials business and the global business despite a decrease in the construction materials business.

Net income attributable to the parent company (+2.0 billion JPY)

• This net income increased thanks to factors including a decrease in one-time expense (impairment loss of goodwill), which incurred in the previous year.

Compared with plan

Net sales (-21.1 billion JPY)

- Construction materials business: Net sales fell vs. the planned level due to factors including slow recovery of non-wooden housing starts and continued competitive environment in the detached housing market.
- Materials business: Net sales fell vs. the planned level due to factors including continued lower prices of aluminum ingots than those in the plan.
- Commercial facilities business: Net sales fell vs. the planned level due to factors including restraint on investment in the retail business continuing from the second half of the previous year.
- Global business: Net sales fell vs. the planned level due to factors including the impact of foreign
 exchange rates, continued change in business environment for customers in Europe, and
 slowdown of economic growth in Thailand.

Operating income (-1.7 billion JPY)

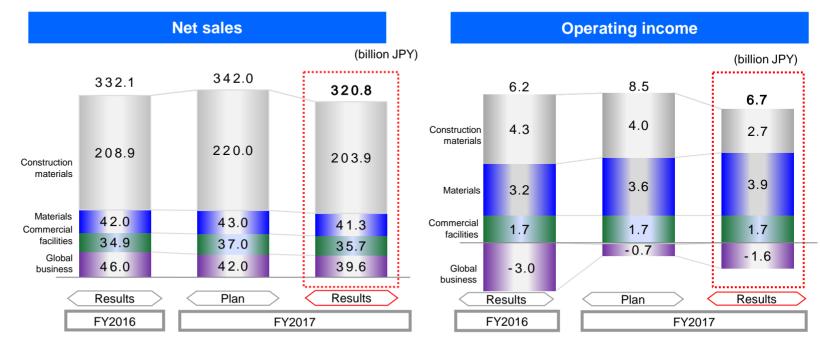
 Operating income fell vs. the planned level due to factors including a decrease in sales in the construction materials business and one-time expenses in the global business.

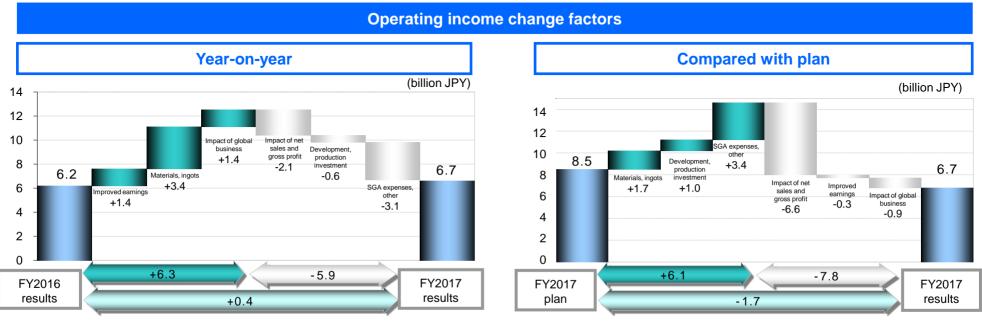
Net income attributable to the parent company (-1.8 billion JPY)

 This net income fell vs. the planned level due to factors including expenses for part of facilities of subsidiaries in Europe and impairment loss of goodwill of part of subsidiaries in Thailand.

* Amounts are rounded down to the nearest 100 million JPY.

1-2.
FY2017
Consolidated
results
Breakdown of net
sales and
operating income





(billion JPY)

1-3

FY2017 Consolidated results (Balance Sheet)

| | End of FY2016 | End of FY2017 | YoY | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------|--|
| Cash and deposits | 27.3 | 21.7 | -5.5 | |
| Notes and accounts receivable-trade | 52.2 | 53.4 | 1.1 | |
| Inventories | 37.4 | 38.8 | 1.4 | |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | -1.7 | -1.5 | 0.1 | |
| Other | 7.6 | 7.8 | 0.1 | |
| Total current assets | 123.0 | 120.4 | -2.6 | |
| Buildings and structures | 27.3 | 26.6 | -0.7 | |
| Land | 54.8 | 54.4 | -0.4 | |
| Other tangible non-current assets | 24.5 | 25.6 | 1.1 | |
| Investment securities | 14.7 | 17.5 | 2.8 | |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | -1.3 | -1.2 | 0.1 | |
| Other non-current assets | 11.5 | 10.6 | -0.8 | |
| Total non-current assets | 131.6 | 133.7 | 2.1 | |
| Total assets | 254.6 | 254.1 | -0.4 | |

| | | | * |
|--|------------------|------------------|------|
| | End of FY2016 | End of FY2017 | YoY |
| Notes and accounts payable- trade | 52.3 | 56.8 | 4.5 |
| Short-term loans payable | 12.3 | 9.0 | -3.2 |
| Other current liabilities | 29.7 | 22.1 | -7.6 |
| Long-term loans and bonds payable | 50.2 | 54.0 | 3.7 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 29.8 | 27.8 | -1.9 |
| Total liabilities | 174.5 | 169.9 | -4.5 |
| Shareholders' equity | 77.5 | 78.4 | 0.8 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 0.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Non-controlling interests | 2.2 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| | | | |
| Total net assets | 80.1 | 84.1 | 4.0 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 254.6 | 254.1 | -0.4 |

^{*} Long-term loans and bonds payable includes current portions of long-term loans and bonds payable.

Summary of results

Current assets (-2.6 billion JPY)

- Cash and deposits: cash flow from operations +7.1 billion JPY; cash flow used in investment activities -11.4 billion JPY; cash flow from financing activities -1.0 billion JPY
- +2.5 billion JPY from factors including increase in accounts receivable-trade and increase in inventories; +0.3 billion JPY from other

Non-current assets (+2.1 billion JPY)

• Results included +2.8 billion JPY due to sale of investment securities (include changes in fair value)

Liabilities (-4.5 billion JPY)

- Increase in notes and accounts payable-trade: +4.5 billion JPY
- Long-term, short-term loans payable: +0.4 billion JPY; other: -9.5 billion JPY

Net assets (+4.0 billion JPY)

- Net income attributable to the parent company: +2.1 billion JPY
- Decrease in retained earnings due to payment of dividends: -1.1 billion JPY Accumulated other comprehensive income: +2.8 billion JPY

^{*} Amounts are rounded down to the nearest 100 million JPY.

(billion JPY)

1-4.
FY2017
Consolidated
results
(Statement of
Cash Flows)

| | | | (billion JPY) |
|---|--------|--------|---------------|
| | FY2016 | FY2017 | YoY |
| Net income before income taxes and minority interests | 3.0 | 4.8 | 1.8 |
| Depreciation expense | 8.1 | 8.4 | 0.3 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable-trade | 5.7 | -1.4 | -7.1 |
| Increase (decrease) in inventories | 3.3 | -1.6 | -4.9 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade | -5.7 | 4.7 | 10.4 |
| Payment of income taxes | -0.8 | -3.9 | -3.0 |
| Other | 1.9 | -3.9 | -5.9 |
| Cash flow from/used in operating activities | 15.7 | 7.1 | -8.5 |
| Purchase of tangible non-current assets | -9.8 | -9.0 | 0.8 |
| Sale of tangible non-current assets | 0.7 | 0.3 | -0.3 |
| Other | -2.0 | -2.7 | -0.7 |
| Cash flow from/used in investing activities | -11.1 | -11.4 | -0.3 |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable. | -26.1 | -3.2 | 22.9 |
| Proceeds from long-term loans payable | 17.8 | 16.4 | -1.4 |
| Repayment of long-term loans payable | -12.8 | -12.7 | 0 |
| Proceeds from issue of bonds | 15.0 | - | -15.0 |
| Payment of dividends | -1.1 | -1.1 | 0 |
| Other | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | -7.6 | -1.0 | 6.6 |
| Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents | -0.7 | -0.2 | 0.4 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | -3.8 | -5.6 | -1.8 |
| Starting balance of cash and cash equivalents | 30.1 | 26.3 | -3.7 |
| New consolidated subsidiaries and merger | 0 | - | 0 |
| Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents | 26.3 | 20.7 | -5.6 |

Summary of Results

Cash flow from/used in operating activities (-8.5 billion JPY) Gain of 7.1 billion JPY due to factors including net income before taxes of 4.8 billion JPY and depreciation expense of 8.4 billion JPY despite an increase in accounts payable-trade of 1.4 billion JPY, an increase in inventories of 1.6 billion JPY, and paying income and other taxes of 3.9 billion JPY.

Cash flow from/used in investing activities (-0.3 billion JPY) Expenditures of 11.4 billion JPY due to factors including expenditures of 9.0 billion JPY on purchase of tangible non-current assets.

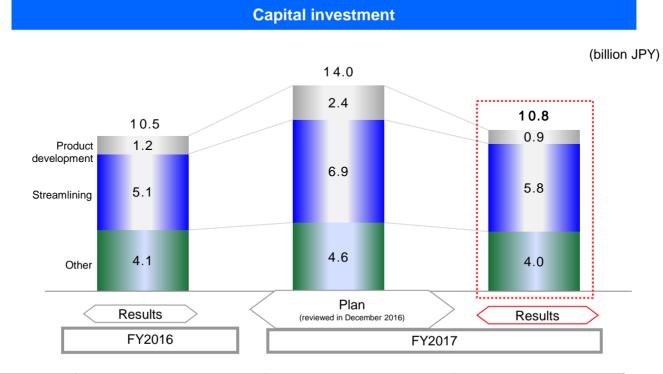
Cash flow from financing activities (+6.6 billion JPY)
Expenditures of 1.0 billion JPY due to payment of dividends of 1.1 billion JPY and other factors.

Balance of cash and cash equivalents decreased by 5.6 billion JPY.

^{*}Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million JPY.

*Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million JPY.





《Breakdown》

| Product d | evelopment | 1.2 | 2.4 | 0.9 |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| Production related | Streamlining, improvement | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.3 |
| related | Repairs, etc. | 2.5 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| | Software | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Other | Overseas subsidies | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 |
| | Other | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Т | otal | 10.5 | 14.0 | 10.8 |

| Depreciation expense | 8.1 | 8.6 | 8.4 |
|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|

2. Summary of FY2018 Plan



2-1 **FY2018 Management** policy

VISION2020

Towards the Creation of a Corporate Group that "Enriches Lives through **Environmental Technology**"

Strengthen remodeling/renovation business, non-construction materials business, and develop global business

Mid-term management policy (71st to 73rd period)

Strengthen profit structure for domestic business and realize growth strategies

- 1. Build an efficient structure to deal with the shrinking domestic market and secure profit
- 2. Make and execute plans for the current interim period necessary for the targets in VISION2020
- 3. Establish foundations for global business development and generate synergy

| 73rd period Management policy | To achieve VISION2020 and develop business after 2020, the Group will improve the profitability of the existing businesses and create new value in growth areas. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Construction materials business | Increase the Group's share by improving market competitiveness Improve profitability by further cost improvement |
| Materials business | Build business foundations in global markets and improve profitability in Japan Proactively develop growing business areas and create synergies with global business |
| Commercial facilities business | Demonstrate comprehensive strength by strengthening cooperation with subsidiaries Respond flexibly to changes in market environments and customers' needs and improve profitability |
| Global business | Accomplish thorough measures to improve profits Harvest synergies |

2-2. FY2018 plan

(billion JPY)

| | FY2017 Results | FY2018 Planned | Year-on-year | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------|
| | | | Change | % |
| Net sales | 320.8 | 338.0 | 17.1 | 5.4% |
| Gross profit | 72.9 | - | - | - |
| Gross profit margin | 22.7% | | _ | _ |
| Operating income | 6.7 | 4.3 | -2.4 | -36.0% |
| Operating income margin | 2.1% | 1.3% | _ | -0.8p |
| Ordinary income | 6.8 | .8 4.0 -2.8 -4 | | -41.6% |
| Net income attributable to the parent company | 2.1 | 2.0 | -0.1 | -5.8% |

^{*}Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million JPY; rates are rounded off.

Preconditions for the plan

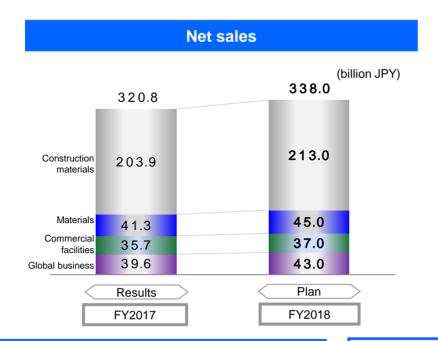
[Preconditions for FY2018 plan]

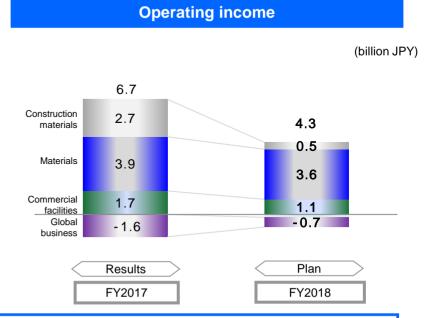
Aluminum ingots (Nikkei aluminum average) : 270 JPY/kg

Exchange rates: 115 JPY/USD, 122 JPY/EUR, 3.2 JPY/THB, 17 JPY/CNY

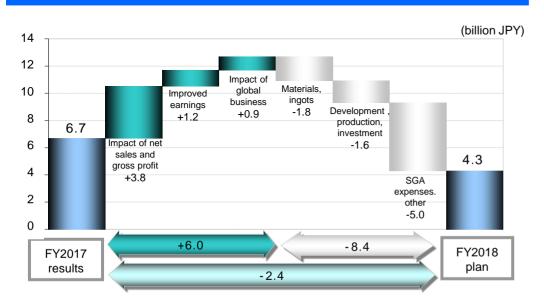
*Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million JPY.

2-3.
FY2018
Plan Breakdown
of net sales and
operating income





Operating income change factors



Summary of breakdown (compared to FY2017)

Sales (+17.1 billion JPY)

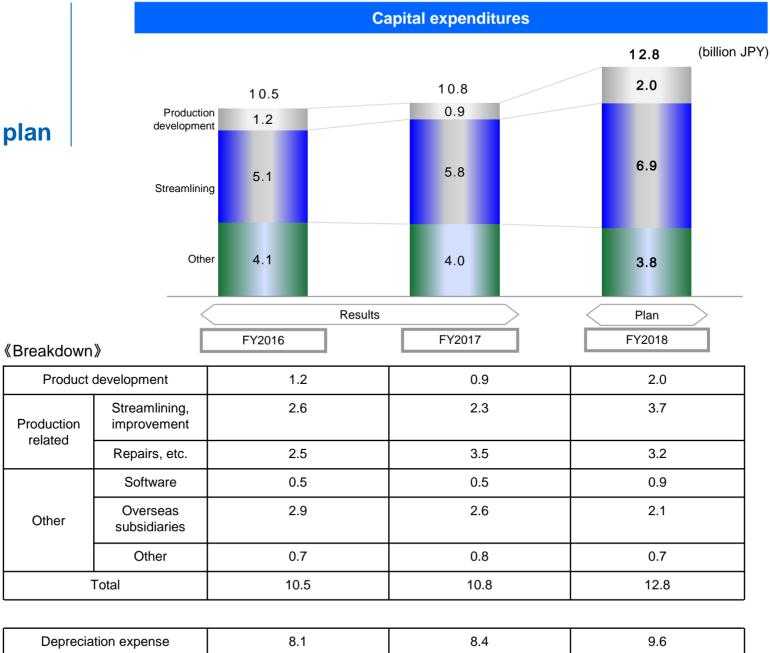
- Construction materials business: Increase due to sales expansion focused on new products.
- Materials business: Increase due to sales increase linked with the ingot market, improvement of production base for growth areas, and attraction of demand for the transportation area.
- Commercial facilities business: Increase due to the expansion of product range and strengthening relationships with customers.
- Global business: Increase due to capturing demands for growth areas and the realization of synergies.

Operating income (-2.4 billion JPY)

- Construction materials business: Decrease due to rising prices of aluminum ingots and increases in investment and expenses for sales expansion.
- Materials business: Decrease due to increases in investment and expenses for the sales expansion and development of growth areas.
- Commercial facilities business: Decrease due to an increase in expenses to strengthen relationships with customers.
- Global business: Increase by continued promotion of measures to improve profit.

*Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million JPY.

2-4. **FY2018 Capital** investment plan



related

Other

3. Reference



3-1.

FY2017

Business
environment

Strategic
indicators

[Business environments]

| | FY2014 | FY2015 | FY2016 |
|---|---|---|--|
| [Construction materials business (housing) index] Number of new housing starts (Apr-Mar) | 880 thousand units | 921 thousand units | 974 thousand units |
| | (-10.8% yoy) | (+4.6% yoy) | (+5.8% yoy) |
| Number of new housing starts [house for rent] (Apr-Mar) | 358 thousand units | 384 thousand units | 427 thousand units |
| | (-3.1% yoy) | (+7.1% yoy) | (+11.4% yoy) |
| [Construction materials business (buildings) index] Floor area of non-wooden structure starts (Apr-Mar) | 78,137 thousand m ² (-9.6% yoy) | 75,285 thousand m ² (-3.6% yoy) | 77,475 thousand m ² (+2.9% yoy) |
| [Materials business index] Aluminum extrusion weight [excluding sashes and doors] (Apr-Mar) | 354.6 thousand tons | 333.5 thousand tons | 353.8 thousand tons |
| | (-2.9% yoy) | (-6.0% yoy) | (+6.1% yoy) |
| [Commercial facilities business index] Number of new building starts [stores] (Apr-Mar) | 9,512 buildings | 8,603 buildings | 8,346 buildings |
| | (-6.0% yoy) | (-9.6% yoy) | (-3.0% yoy) |
| Aluminum ingots [Nikkei aluminum average] (Apr-Mar) | 293.1 JPY/kg | 254.4 JPY/kg | 235.5 JPY/kg |
| | (+22.0% yoy) | (-13.2% yoy) | (-7.4% yoy) |

[Strategic indicators]

| | Results for FY2016 | Results for FY2017 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Strengthen remodeling/renovation business | 21.3% | 20.9% |
| Strengthen non-construction materials business | 36.7% | 36.0% |
| Global business development | 15.1% | 13.3% |



| Targets for FY2020 |
|--------------------|
| 30% or more |
| 40% or more |
| 20% or more |

^{*} The target to strengthen remodeling/renovation business is a ratio to sales of construction materials segment.

^{*} The target to strengthen non-construction materials business and the target of global business development are ratios to consolidated sales of the Group.

^{*} The target to strengthen non-construction materials business includes the impact of aluminum ingot prices, and the target of global business development includes the impact of foreign exchange rates.

SankvoAlumi

PICK UP **TOPICS**

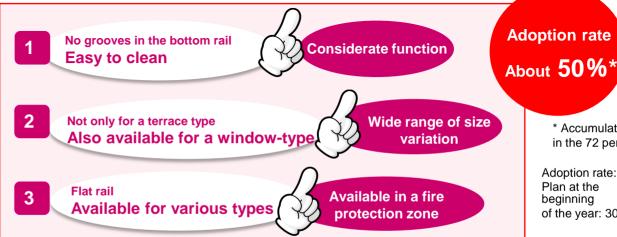
For a detached house

"ALGEO" sash made from aluminum composite resin Easy-to-clean "Flat rail" at a high adoption rate



Applied to **ZEH** (Net Zero Energy House)





* Accumulated in the 72 period

Adoption rate: Plan at the beginning of the year: 30%



Major initiatives taken to expand sales of ALGEO

October 2015 "ALGEO" was released.

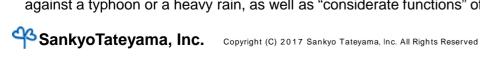
October 2016 "Fire-proof window ALGEO" was released.

April 2017 Other types of "Flat rail" were added.

(ALGEO single sliding window and fire-proof ALGEO double sliding window, etc.)

"Kitchen door for ventilation (sliding window type)" now on sale

"ALGEO" sash made from aluminum composite resin is a high-spec sash providing excellent heat insulation, "high-level durability" against a typhoon or a heavy rain, as well as "considerate functions" of easy to open and close as well as easy to clean for residents.





SankyoAlumi



Remodeled in a day

"NOVARIS remodeled front door" selling well







Installation is improved.



Year-on-vear 130%*

> * For the single month of May 2017

• Installation time is shortened.

Product capability is upgraded. 2 <convenience and design>

Reflecting users' opinions

- Reasonable battery-powered touch-sensor lock
- A variety of designs

3

Strengthened sales



First campaign March 1 to May 31

• Sales campaign for NOVARIS was carried out.

Popular touch-sensor lock **Adoption rate**

Further initiatives for sales expansion of NOVARIS

About 70%

"Quotation simulation for NOVARIS" is disclosed on From Jun. 1

the web. *Jun. to Jul. Workshops for distributors were conducted.

"Second NOVARIS campaign" is carried out. Jul. 3 to Aug. 31

"NOVARIS apartment door" is to be launched. Aug. 1



Offering maximum convenience for operators

Second campaign for growing demand

Enhance remodeling products



SankyoTateyama, Inc.

SankyoAlumi



Sash for building

Our specialized sashes were adopted by "GINZA SIX" that opened at Ginza 6-chome, Tokyo on April 20, 2017.



Design project manager / Mori Building Co., Ltd., Research Institute of Architecture

Design and manager / Ginza 6-chome Urban Area Redevelopment Project JV (Kajima Corporation and Taniguchi Architectural Design Laboratory)
Contractor / Kajima Corporation

Natural ventilation function
Windows installed with
horizontal ventilation slit

- Four sides of 2F to 7F of the building are covered with our specialized horizontally-linked FIX windows and panel units.
- The vertical line of FIX window is 50 mm width.



Slim and sharp design





SankyoMaterial

Technological

SankyoMaterial



Provide next generation's materials

Following the case for the cruise train in 2013 "Nanatsuboshi in Kyushu." SankyoMaterial's aluminum alloy extrusion was adopted for the interior of

two types of trains: one is *D&S SWEET TRAIN "Aru Ressha (a certain train)" and the other is a super express train "Kawasemi Yamasemi" operated by JR Kyushu.

Adopted for the interior of the talked-about resort train

capability

*The above are photos of component materials adopted for Cruise Train "Nanatsuboshi in

Ceiling decorative molding

* "D" stands for Design and "S" stands for Story. This is a special train with the concept of "enjoy Kyushu by train with decorative and story-telling interior" operated by JR Kyushu.

Light ceiling



JR KYUSHU SWEET TRAIN "Aru Ressha"

Operation started on August 8, 2015

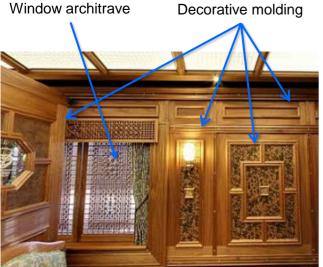


Window architrave

Super express train "Kawasemi Yamasemi"

Operation started on March 4, 2017

Baggage rack cover





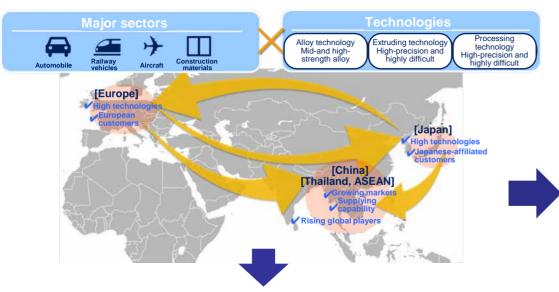
Global business

PICK UP TOPICS

Initiatives to create global synergies

Supply materials for transportation equipment as a global supplier

- By collaborating with the Group companies in Japan, Europe, Thailand, and China, we achieve synergies to be a global player. We are promoting the supply of materials for transportation equipment such as railway vehicles and automobiles.
- By sharing technologies between the Group companies, we have established the product supply system in every area to make an optimal response to customers' needs.



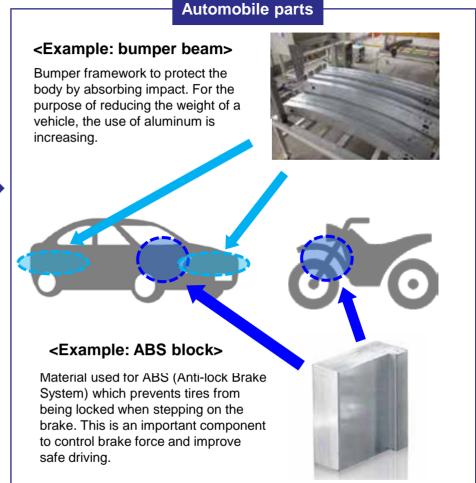
Materials for railway vehicles

<Example: railway vehicle structure, body, parts for bogie>









[Notes regarding these documents]

The content of these documents contains forward-looking statements, including plans, strategies, and business results of Sankvo Tatevama. Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Sankyo Tatevama Group"). These statements are based upon assumptions and decisions of the Sankvo Tateyama Group that have been derived from information available as of the time of writing. and include foreseeable and unforeseeable risks, uncertainties, and other factors. Due to these effects, the actual business results, business activities, and financial conditions of the Sankyo Tateyama Group may vary significantly from these forward-looking statements. Additionally, the Sankyo Tateyama Group may not necessarily revise its forward-looking statements in response to new information, future events, or other reasons. Risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may have a material effect on the actual business results and other aspects of the Sankyo Tateyama Group may include, but are not limited to, economic conditions in the business areas in which it operates. changes in demand trends, and intensified price competition for the products and services of the Sankyo Tateyama Group, and price fluctuations of items such as aluminum ingots.

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